

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace the first full paragraph on page 1 of the application, including the title (lines 5-9), with the following paragraph:

METHOD OF MAKING AN EASILY CLEANABLE POLYMER LAMINATES LAMINATE

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a divisional of U.S. appl. no. 09/224,711, filed February 4, 1999, now U.S. Patent No. 6,423,418 B1, which, in turn, is a continuation-in-part of prior application of Serial Number U.S. appl. no. 09/035,595, filed March [[0]]5, 1998, entitled Easily Cleanable Polymer Laminates, now abandoned, both of which is are herein incorporated by reference.

On page 7 of the specification as filed, kindly replace the second full paragraph (lines 14-30) with the following:

The hydroxyl terminated polymer(s) including repeat units from said oxetane monomers can have one or more terminal hydroxyl groups. They desirably have number average molecular weights from about 250; 500; 1,000; or 5,000 to about 50,000 or 100,000. The polymer(s) can be a homopolymer or a copolymer of two or more different oxetane monomers. The polymer may also be a copolymer of cyclic ether molecules having from 2 to 4 carbon ~~atoms~~ atoms in the ring such as tetrahydrofuran and one or more oxetane monomers as described in the previously incorporated U.S. patent 5,668,250. The copolymer may also include copolymerizable substituted cyclic ethers such as substituted tetrahydrofurans. The repeat units from a tetrahydrofuran monomer has the formula-~~to~~ $-(O-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-)$. The hydroxyl terminated polymer(s) optionally includes a cyclic tetramer of said oxetane monomer, which may be a byproduct of the polymerization. In some embodiments, said hydroxyl terminated polymer includes up to 10, 20, or 30 wt % of said tetramer based on the weight of said hydroxyl terminated polymer(s).